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1.5						
15	UNITED STATES BA	NKRUPTCY COURT				
16						
1.7	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION					
17						
18		Panlementary Casa No. 10 20088 (DM)				
10	In re:	Bankruptcy Case No. 19-30088 (DM)				
19		Chapter 11				
20	PG&E CORPORATION,	(Lead Case) (Jointly Administered)				
21	- and -	(Lead Case) (Jointly Administered)				
21		NOTICE OF APPEAL AND STATEMENT				
22	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC	OF ELECTION TO HAVE APPEAL HEARD BY UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
22	COMPANY,	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT COURT				
23	Debtors.	CALIFORNIA				
24	DASC AND DO REC	[Deleted to Dirt New 11000 12000 12001				
	☐ Affects PG&E Corporation ☐ Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company	[Related to Dkt. Nos. 11999, 12000, 12001, 12054, 12207]				
25	Affects both Debtors	12001, 12207				
26	*411 1 111 61 1: 4 7 16 37					
	* All papers shall be filed in the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).					
27	17 30000 (DM).					
28						

1	Party	Counsel
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1	Party	Counsel			
2	Northern California Power Agency	Robert D. Swanson (SBN 162816) Thomas G. Mouzes (SBN 99446)			
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11	Dated: May 5, 2022	KELLER BENVENUTTI KIM LLP WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP			
12		WEIL, GOISHAL & MANGES LLI			
13					
14		By: <u>/s/ Jane Kim</u> Jane Kim			
15					
16		Attorneys for Debtors and Reorganized Debtors			
17					

EXHIBIT A

(Final Order)

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 12364-4 Filed: 05/02/22 Entered: 05/02/22 08:82:32 Page 5 off29

Entered on Docket

April 22, 2022
EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK
U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



 1 2 3 4 5 	ROBERT BONTA, SBN 202668 Attorney General of California DANETTE VALDEZ, SBN 141780 ANNADEL ALMENDRAS, SBN 19206 ' Supervising Deputy Attorneys General 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 510-3367 Fax: (415) 703-5480	Signed and Filed: April 22, 2022 Levins Montali DENNIS MONTALI
6	Danette.Valdez@doj.ca.gov Annadel.Almendras@doj.ca.gov	U.S. Bankruptcy Judge
7 8 9 10 11	PAUL J. PASCUZZI, SBN 148810 NICHOLAS L. KOHLMEYER, SBN 2996 FELDERSTEIN FITZGERALD WILLOUGHBY PASCUZZI & RIOS LLI 500 Capitol Mall, Suite 2250 Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 329-7400 Fax: (916) 329-7435 ppascuzzi@ffwplaw.com nkohlmeyer@ffwplaw.com	P
13	Attorneys for California Department of Wareness, by and through the State Water	
14	UNITED STATE	S BANKRUPTCY COURT
15	NORTHERN DI	STRICT OF CALIFORNIA
16	SAN FRA	NCISCO DIVISION
17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23	In re: PG&E CORPORATION - and – PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, Reorganized Debtors.	Bankruptcy Case No. 19-30088 (DM) Chapter 11 (Lead Case) (Jointly Administered) ORDER REGARDING DISPUTE BETWEEN DEBTORS AND CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES
25 26 27	 □ Affects PG&E Corporation □ Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company ☑ Affects both Debtors 	Date: April 13, 2022 Time: 10:00 a.m. Ctrm: 17 Judge: Dennis Montali
28	- Affects both Debtots	

Before the Court is the California Department of Water Resources' Motion for Order Determining that The Castle Rock Agreement with PG&E Cannot be Assumed and that The Department of Water Resources' Claim No. 78104 be Paid (the "DWR Motion") (Dkt. No. 11887) and the Motion of the Reorganized Debtors for Entry of an Order Modifying Plan Injunction and Compelling Arbitration of Claim of California Department of Water Resources (the "Debtors' Motion") (Dkt. No. 11896) in the above captioned chapter 11 cases; and this Court having issued its Memorandum Decision Regarding Dispute Between Debtors and the California Department of Water Resources (Dkt. No. 11999) granting the DWR Motion and denying the Debtors' Motion by orders at Docket Nos. 12000 and 12001, respectively, and setting a further briefing schedule; and the Court having considered and denied the Notice of Appearance and Ex Parte Application for Order Authorizing City of Santa Clara, dba Silicon Valley Power and Northern California Power Agency to Intervene and File a Response to California Department of Water Resources' Motion for Order Determining that The Castle Rock Agreement with PG&E Cannot be Assumed and that The Department of Water Resources' Claim No. 78104 be Paid (Dkt. 12024 and 12054); and the Court having considered the further briefing by the Debtors (Dkt. No. 12076) and DWR (Dkt. Nos. 12129 and 12129-1); and the Court having issued its Tentative Ruling Re Dispute Between Debtors and the California Department of Water Resources ("Tentative Ruling") (Dkt. No. 12147); and the Court having held hearings on March 2, 2022, and April 13, 2022, to consider the arguments and objections of the parties; and this Court, for the reasons stated by this Court on the record at the hearings, having determined that the ruling in the Court's Tentative Ruling should become the final ruling, and after due deliberation and sufficient good cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The issue of DWR's liability for removal costs under the Castle Rock Agreement was properly before the Court based on the DWR Motion, the Debtors' Motion and the other pleadings and argument made to the Court in these proceedings;
 - 2. There are no material facts in dispute;

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¹ Capitalized terms used but not otherwise herein defined shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the DWR Motion.

1	3. DWR's interpretation of the applicable sections of the Castle Rock Agreement is
2	correct;
3	4. DWR does not owe any estimated future removal costs or anything else to Debtors
4	and the remaining cotenants (City of Santa Clara dba Silicon Valley Power and Northern California
5	Power Agency) under the Castle Rock Agreement; and
6	5. There are no damages to be assessed, by this Court or by arbitration, under that
7	agreement.
8	IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that, except as to the rulings made herein, the Cour
9	is not making any ruling as to any dispute between DWR on the one hand, and the City of Santa
10	Clara dba Silicon Valley Power and Northern California Power Agency on the other, under the
11	Transmission Services Agreement between those parties, which issues shall be dealt with outside
12	this Court.
13	IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that the Court retains jurisdiction to hear and
14	determine all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, or enforcement
15	of this Order. This Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry.
16	APPROVED AS TO FORM
17	KELLER BENVENUTTI KIM LLP
18	Jana Vim Attornaya far Dahtara
19	Jane Kim, Attorneys for Debtors and Reorganized Debtors
20	**END OF ORDER**
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EXHIBIT B (Memorandum Decision dated March 8, 2022)

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 12364-2 Filed: 05/02/22 Entered: 05/02/22 08:32:32 Page 9

off 299

Entered on Docket March 08, 2022

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: March 8, 2022

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Clevis Montal.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:)	Bankruptcy Case
)	No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
)	Chapter 11
- and -)	
)	Jointly Administered
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	
)	
Reorganized Debtors.)	
)	
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation)	
☐ Affects Pacific Gas and)	
Electric Company)	
☐ Affects both Debtors)	
Z TITICOCO DOCTI DEDICOTO)	
* All papers shall be filed in)	
the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).)	
2000 100 100 (DII).)	
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MEMORANDUM DECISION REGARDING DISPUTE BETWEEN DEBTORS AND THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

On March 2, 2022, the court heard oral argument regarding California Department of Water Resources' Motion for Order Determining that The Castle Rock Agreement with PG&E Cannot be Assumed and that The Department of Water Resources' Claim No. 78104 be Paid (the "DWR Motion") (Dkt. 11887) and the Motion of

the Reorganized Debtors for Entry of an Order Modifying Plan
Injunction and Compelling Arbitration of Claim of California
Department of Water Resources (the "Debtors' Motion") (Dkt.
11896), together with the accompanying memoranda, declarations and other filings.

Having considered the matters fully, the court concludes that the DWR Motion should be GRANTED and the Debtors' Motion should be DENIED.

Long before these bankruptcy cases were filed, the dispute between these opposing parties was identified and framed, and either side could have initiated the arbitration procedures of the 1984 Cotenancy Agreement ("Agreement"). Neither did. Even after the petitions were filed on January 29, 2019, that procedure was available, either by DWR, perhaps after first seeking relief from stay, or by Debtors. Again, neither pursued that procedure.

All that changed when the Debtors' Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") was negotiated, filed, considered and confirmed. As pointed out by DWR, specific provisions were inserted into the Plan and the Order Confirming the Plan (the "OCP") to deal with and reserve for later resolution very numerous open issues relating to executory contracts between Debtors and many governmental agencies, including DWR.

Among the most relevant of them are:

34. <u>Determination of Cure Disputes.</u>

a. Pursuant to Section 8.2(c) of the Plan, in the event of an unresolved dispute regarding (i) any Cure Amount, (ii) the ability of the Reorganized Debtors or any assignee to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of section 365 of the

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Bankruptcy Code) under the executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to assumption, assumption and assignment, or the Cure Amounts required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code (each, a "Cure Dispute"), such Cure Dispute shall be resolved by a Final Order of the Court, which may be entered after the Effective Date. (emphasis added).

67. Governmental Performance Obligations.

d. Notwithstanding anything in this Confirmation Order, the Plan, or the Plan Documents, the listing of a matter as an "executory contract" or an "unexpired lease" in the Debtors' schedules or Plan Documents (a "Potentially Assumed Contract/Lease") is without prejudice to any contention by any Governmental Unit that the matter is not in fact an executory contract or unexpired lease as set forth in section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. With respect to any Cure Amount for a Potentially Assumed Contract/Lease for which the United States or any department, agency, or instrumentality of the State of California (collectively, the "Governmental Parties") is listed as the Non-Debtor Counterparty, all parties reserve all rights to dispute such Cure Amount. If any Governmental Party disputes (i) that any Potentially Assumed Contract/Lease is in fact an executory contract or unexpired lease or (ii) any Cure Amount, such Governmental Party shall have no later than ninety (90) days after the Confirmation Date (or such later date as may be mutually agreed upon between the applicable Governmental Party and the Debtors or Reorganized Debtors) to file and serve an objection setting forth such dispute, and any such dispute shall be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court. (Emphasis added).

DWR is adamant that after it gave its notice of termination of its participation in the Agreement on June 30, 2018, effective one year later, there was nothing left for it to do or for Debtors to assume. All that remains is for Debtors to pay a refund of \$101,026.75, now reflected in Proof of Claim No. 78104 that is presumptively allowed and has not been the subject of an objection.

Debtors take a contrary view, reflected as early as when the court was considering confirmation of the Plan. Debtors filed their Schedule of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to be Assumed Pursuant to the Plan and Proposed Cure Amounts attached to the Plan Supplement as Exhibit B ("Cure Notice") (Dkt. 7037).

That lengthy schedule included the Agreement. Thus, even to the present date, Debtors maintain that the Agreement was subject to assumption because it was not rejected, and the resolution of the remaining dispute that is the subject of the present motions is part and parcel of the entire bundle of rights and obligations of the parties that must be resolved through arbitration.

Given the very specific attention given to matters that plainly include the present dispute, the court is satisfied that the Plan and the OCP reserving jurisdiction in this court to resolve them prevail over those relied on by Debtors to require the court to order arbitration.

In In re Thorpe Insulation Co., 671 F.3d 1011 (9th Cir. 2012), the court established the principles that guide bankruptcy courts in dealing with arbitration provisions versus bankruptcy alternatives. Those principles convince this court to exercise its discretion not to order arbitration at present.

Thorpe involved a very complex reorganization of an asbestos mass torts case and the implementation of 11 U.S.C. § 524(g). It was a dispute of massive proportions and was obviously quite critical to the outcome of the bankruptcy as a whole.

In contrast, Debtors would not have been in bankruptcy at all but for the tragic wildfires of 2015, 2017 and 2018, none of which have anything to do with the present dispute. It is easy to assume that had those fires not occurred, no bankruptcy court would have been called upon to deal with the present dispute with DWR.

The determination of whether the Agreement is an executory contract that may be assumed, and if so under what circumstances and leading to what consequences, is clearly a core matter for determination unless the arbitration option is more appropriate. The core question is not a dispositive factor, but one that should be considered. Thorpe taught that [i]n core proceedings, by contrast, the bankruptcy court at least when it sees a conflict with bankruptcy law, has discretion to deny enforcement of an arbitration agreement." Thorpe 671 F.3d at 1021 (citations omitted).

The Ninth Circuit agreed with other circuit courts that permit bankruptcy court discretion to decline enforcement or otherwise applicable arbitration provisions "only if arbitration would conflict the underlying purposes of the Bankruptcy Code." Id. (citations omitted). Had either party initiated arbitration after DWR gave its notice of termination in 2018 but before the bankruptcy, there is no doubt that such course would have to be followed. Even if either party had sought to do so after bankruptcy, but before consideration of the Plan, the same result appears likely.

Regardless of what could have happened, Debtors chose to reserve the disposition of this dispute as a post-Confirmation

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matter as indicated above. While this court is not unmindful of the tremendous complexity of the reorganization effort, and even the complexities encountered apart from the wildfire problems, Debtors still made an election of how best to proceed. They could have excluded the Agreement from the list of matters to be disposed of later but did not. Thus, the deferral of resolving the issue through the plan mechanisms was a conscious choice.

Thorpe stated:

"Arbitration of a creditor's claim against a debtor, even if conducted expeditiously, prevents the coordinated resolution of debtor-creditor rights and can delay the confirmation of a plan of reorganization."

Id. at 1023.

There was no delay in consideration of the Plan and its subsequent confirmation and implementation. The court cannot ignore that conscious choice of the Debtors to proceed under the procedures and reservations they established and which DWR and other governmental agencies responded by their reservation of rights as noted.

Even though this issue is presented to the court nearly two years after the Plan was confirmed, there is still a risk that an outcome achieved via arbitration, at least on the issues of whether the Agreement was to the reserved assumption provisions of the Plan at all, and whether DWR could be required to pay anything after it gave its notice of termination, would conflict with those policies articulated by *Thorpe* and memorialized in the Plan and the OCP.

Under the circumstances presented, and consistent with the admonitions of *Thorpe*, the court prefers to exercise its

discretion and keep that dispute here. If the outcome is as DWR hopes, the matter is over, subject only to the possibility of appellate review. If the outcome favors Debtors, the question of liquidation of the <u>amount</u> of damages to be paid by DWR <u>may</u> be more appropriately determined through arbitration.

There are no material facts in dispute regarding whether DWR should or should not be ordered to pay its share of the net loss upon termination of the Agreement. DWR looks to Section 14.5 of the Agreement to insulate it from such a charge because the other parties continued to operate under it. Debtors rely on Section 14.7 to hold DWR responsible for its share for termination in the future.

Collateral to that, and of relatively minor importance, is whether Claim No. 78104 should be paid. So far Debtors have not asserted any substantive objection to it, but maintain that if they prevail on the termination issue that would represent little more than a minor offset in DWR's favor.

It is now time to put this dispute to rest. Debtors have until March 25, 2022, to file a memorandum, not to exceed twenty pages and limited to this discrete issue described above, in support of their position. DWR has until April 8, 2022, to file a reply memorandum, not to exceed twenty pages and similarly limited. After that the matter will stand submitted unless the court decides to consider oral argument.

If the decision is that DWR prevails, then that should be the end of it, subject only to Debtors paying Claim No. 78104. If Debtors prevail on that discrete issue, the court will revisit the question of the amount DWR's future liability upon

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termination should be determined through arbitration or via a damages trial in this court.

The court is concurrently issuing orders consistent with this Memorandum Decision.

END OF MEMORANDUM DECISION

EXHIBIT C (Order Granting CDWR Motion Dated March 8, 2022)

Entered on Docket March 08, 2022

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK
U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: March 8, 2022

Water Resources' Motion

Clemis Montal.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:)	Bankruptcy Case No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
- and -)	Chapter 11
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	Jointly Administered
Reorganized Debtors.)	
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation ☐ Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company ☒ Affects both Debtors)))	
* All papers shall be filed in the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).)	

ORDER GRANTING CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES' MOTION FOR ORDER DETERMINING THAT THE CASTLE ROCK AGREEMENT WITH PG&E CANNOT BE ASSUMED AND CLAIM NO. 78104 BE PAID

For the reasons stated in the Memorandum Decision Regarding
Dispute Between Debtors and The California Department of Water
Resources being issued concurrently, California Department of
Water Resources' Motion for Order Determining that The Castle

1	Rock Agreement with PG&E Cannot be Assumed and that The
2	Department of Water Resources' Claim No. 78104 be Paid (Dkt.
3	11887) is GRANTED.
4	**END OF ORDER**
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EXHIBIT D (Order Denying PG&E Motion Dated March 8, 2022)

Entered on Docket March 08, 2022

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: March 8, 2022

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Clevis Montal.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:)	Bankruptcy Case No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
)	Chapter 11
- and -)	
)	Jointly Administered
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	
)	
Reorganized Debtors.)	
)	
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation)	
\square Affects Pacific Gas and)	
Electric Company)	
☐ Affects both Debtors)	
)	
* All papers shall be filed in the Lead Case, No. $19-30088$ (DM).)	
)	

ORDER DENYING DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER MODIFYING PLAN INJUNCTION AND COMPELLING ARBITRATION OF CLAIM OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

For the reasons stated in the Memorandum Decision Regarding
Dispute Between Debtors and The California Department of Water
Resources being issued concurrently, the Motion of the
Reorganized Debtors for Entry of an Order Modifying Plan

Injunction and Compelling Arbitration of Claim of California Department of Water Resources (Dkt. 11896) is DENIED. **END OF ORDER**

EXHIBIT E (Order Denying Motion to Intervene Entered March 22, 2022)

Entered on Docket
March 22, 2022
EDWARD J. EMMONS. CLERK

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: March 21, 2022

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DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:)	Bankruptcy Case
)	No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
)	Chapter 11
- and -)	
)	Jointly Administered
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	
)	
Reorganized Debtors.)	
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☐ Affects PG&E Corporation)	
☐ Affects Pacific Gas and)	
Electric Company)	
Affects both Debtors)	
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* All papers shall be filed in)	
the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).)	
ene lead cabe, no. 15 50000 (bil).)	

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO INTERVENE BY CITY OF SANTA CLARA, DBA SILICON VALLEY POWER AND NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

On March 15, 2022, interested parties City of Santa Clara, dba Silicon Valley Power ("SVP") and Northern California Power Agency ("NCPA") filed a Notice of Appearance and Ex Parte Application for Order Authorizing City of Santa Clara, dba Silicon Valley Power and Northern California Power Agency to Intervene and File a Response to California Department of Water

Resources' Motion for Order Determining that the Castle Rock

Agreement Cannot Be Assumed and that the Department of Water

Resources Claim No. 78014 be Paid (the "Intervention Motion")

(Dkt. 12024). On March 17, 2022 the California Department of

Water Resources' ("DWR") filed an Opposition to the Intervention

Motion (Dkt. 12035).

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The Intervention Motion seeks to enter the fray of a longstanding and nearly adjudicated dispute by filing a brief according to the schedule set by the court's Memorandum Decision Regarding Dispute Between Debtors and the California Department of Water Resources (Dkt. 11999) (the "Memo"). The Memo detailed the court's decision to grant DWR's Motion for Order Determining that the Castle Rock Agreement with PG&E Cannot be Assumed and Claim No. 78104 be Paid ("DWR Motion") (Dkt. 11887) and subsequently set a further briefing schedule for DWR and Debtors. SVP and NCPA were both served notice of the DWR Motion when it was first filed on February 1, 2022. The Intervention Motion makes clear that SVP and NCPA conferred with Debtors and deliberately chose not to respond to the substance of the DWR Motion in the belief that Debtors would prevail in their Motion of the Reorganized Debtors for Entry of an Order Modifying Plan Injunction and Compelling Arbitration of Claim of California Department of Water Resources (Dkt. 11896), which the court denied.

In the related dispute between Debtors and DWR, DWR acknowledged the existence of an agreement among it, SVP and NCPA (but not Debtors) known as the Layoff Agreement.

Responding to the Reorganized Debtors' Motion for Order

Modifying Plan Injunction and Compelling Arbitration (Dkt. 11896), DWR stated:

Whether DWR effectively terminated its interest in the Castle Rock Agreement is a separate issue that can be determined without reference to the Layoff Agreement. To the extent that NCPA and SVP believe they may have any cognizable action against DWR, they should pursue it in state court rather than attempt to manipulate the bankruptcy court proceeding to seek relief through the Executory Contract and Cure Dispute and claims allowance process. (Dkt. 11942 at 14).

In determining whether a motion to intervene is timely, courts consider three factors: "(1) the stage of the proceedings; (2) whether the parties would be prejudiced; and (3) the reason for any delay in moving to intervene." Nw. Forest Res. Council v. Glickman, 82 F.3d 825, 836 (9th Cir. 1996), as amended on denial of reh'g (May 30, 1996). As noted above, SVP and NCPA chose not to participate in the DWR Motion for the past month and a half while DWR made clear its interest in determining the merits of the DWR Motion as to the Debtors from the beginning. They remained on the sideline, casting their fate with the Reorganized Debtors. To allow them to have a second chance now would not be fair to DWR.

The proceedings are nearly over, DWR would be prejudiced in having previously defaulted parties enter the fray, and the reason for the delay is entirely the choice of SVP and NCPA.

All three factors weigh in favor of denying the Intervention

Motion. Even without intervention, DWR, SVP, and NCPA will

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still be able to determine remaining rights under the Layoff Agreement in another forum.

Accordingly, the Intervention Motion is DENIED.

END OF ORDER

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COURT SERVICE LIST

2 ECF Recipients

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